

Terms.—Twenty-five per cent deposit to be paid at once into the nearest Taluk Treasury, and the balance within fifteen days from the date of sale, and before removal; failing which, the animals will be resold at the risk of the first purchaser, who shall not participate in any increase that may arise.

Purchasers to bear all expenses of up-keep from date of purchase.

L. RICKETTS,
Inspector General of Forests.

FINANCIAL DEPARTMENT.

The 14th July 1886.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received up to 9th of August 1886 by the Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury for the purchase of the uncurrent silver coins as per list annexed.

2. No tender will be received after the date above named.

3. Tenders should be superscribed "Tenders for the purchase of uncurrent silver coins at the Huzur Treasury" and be accompanied by a deposit of Rs. 50 in cash or currency notes.

4. Tenders will be opened by the Comptroller in charge of the Huzur Treasury, at his Office on the date above named in the presence of such tenderers as may attend at 1 P. M.

5. All tenderers must specify the rates at which they are prepared to purchase the different coins.

6. The deposit of the unsuccessful tenders will be returned. The silver coins will be mutilated at the expense of Government before delivery. The purchaser should pay the price at the rate tendered before removal. In default, the deposit shall be forfeited to Government and the said coins will be resold and the defaulter will be liable to pay the loss, if any, caused by such resale.

Memo of uncurrent silver coins at His Highness the Maharaja's Huzur Treasury, Bangalore,
dated 6th July 1886.

Description of Coins.	Number of Coins.	Nominal Value.	Net Value.
Raja rupees	1,481	1,481	0
Do half rupees	3	1	8
Do quarter do	1	0	4
Arcot rupees	1,637	1,637	0
Do half rupees	298	149	0
Do quarter do	69	17	4
Do Two annas	26	3	4
Do One anna	1	0	1
Surat rupees	1,514	1,514	0
Do half rupees	99	49	8
Do quarter do	9	2	4
Sultani rupees	21	21	0
Gidnami rupees	35	35	0
Gid Surat rupees	133	133	0
Do half do	32	16	0
Do quarter do	1	0	4
English silver coins	5	1	4
Do do	1	0	2
Two cut short weight rupees of British mintage	2	1	12
Total Rs....	5,368	5,063	7 4,997—2—3

LOCAL MONEY ORDER TALUKS.

Circular No. 1666, dated 24th July 1886.

In modification of para 3 of this office Circular No. 697, dated 19th July 1869, the Comptroller has the honor to intimate that when application is made for a Local Money Order payable in a Taluk of another District, the Money Order will be drawn on the Treasury Officer of such District as at present, but instead of the payee or remitter being required to send the Order to the Treasury Officer drawn upon to have it enfaced for payment at the Taluk where the payee resides, the *advice* of the Money Order itself should be forwarded by the Treasury Officer receiving it to the Taluk concerned enfaced thus—

“The Amildar of— — is requested to pay Rs. — — As. — — the amount of the Money Order of which this is an advice to the payee named therein.”

CUSTODY OF MUNSIFF'S COURT CASH CHESTS IN DISTRICT AND TALUK TREASURIES.

Circular No. 1667, dated 27th July 1886.

Under the authority of the Government, the Comptroller has the honor to inform District and Taluk Treasury Officers that Munsiffs have been permitted to place their office cash chests (locked and sealed) for safe custody in the local treasuries, Taluk or District.

2. When the cash chest is sent for custody before the hour for closing the Treasury it should be lodged in the Treasury room, the Treasury Officer granting an acknowledgment in a book to be kept for the purpose and which will be produced with the Munsiff's acknowledgment at the Treasury when the chest is required by the Munsiff.

3. Should the cash chest be sent to the Treasury after it has been closed, it should be taken charge of by the Officer in charge of the Treasury Guard who will give an acknowledgment in the receipt book referred to above. On the opening of the Treasury the following day, the chest should be made over by the Guard Officer to the Treasury Officer who should, if the box be locked and the seals intact, direct it to be kept in the Treasury giving the Guard Officer an acknowledgment therefor.

4. The Treasury Officer will not be held responsible for the cash chest while in charge of the Officer in charge of the Treasury Guard.

OVERLAND AND CONTINENTAL MONEY ORDERS.

To—The Deputy Commissioners, Treasury Department, No. 133, dated 28th July 1886.

The Comptroller of Post Office telegraphs “Money order schedule No. 31 in force” from 4th August 1886. Rate 1s. 4½d. per rupee.

A. RANGASWAMIAENGAR,
Comptroller.

MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

The 14th July 1886.

Wanted a few Hospital Assistants for employment in the Mysore Province.
Application to be made to the undersigned.

T. J. MCGANN, F. R. C. S. E.,
Senior Surgeon, Mysore Govt.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

IN THE COURT OF THE SUBORDINATE JUDGE, MYSORE.

Insolvency Case No. 88 of 1886.

In the matter of Jamal Bi of Kannezaudanahoppal, Mysore Taluk, an Insolvent Judgment-debtor.

ORDER.—The application of the above named Jamal Bi to be discharged from custody coming on to be heard before me in the presence of Mr. V. Narasimhachar, Advocate for the applicant, and in the